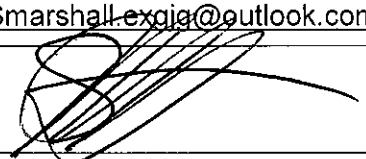


CPCCBC4003A SELECT AND PREPARE A CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT, CPCCBC4016A ADMINISTER A CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT & CPCCBC4032A APPLY CONTRACT LAW TO SALES PROCESSES

Practical Task 1 (2X)		
Description of task: On two (2) occasions, a suitable observer is to verify the participant's ability to apply contract law to residential and/or commercial construction sales processes. The participant is to gather evidence of how they have completed each component of the Practical Task, which is to be submitted with this Practical Assessment sheet. Evidence to be submitted may include: - Copy of a contract issued to sub-contractor for your project with relevant AS code on the front - Proof of consultation with sub-contractor regarding contract and contract terms, inclusions and omissions (emails) - Copy of HSE minimum requirements sent as contract condition - Construction contracts that have been developed, signed off, or contributed to by the candidate - Proof of correspondence with client regarding construction contract. Redact sensitive information as required. The assessor is to verify the observer's comments and provide the outcome for the practical task on the front cover of the Practical Assessment.		
Resources required: Two (2) pre-contract agreements; two (2) sales contracts (e.g. QBCC contracts), telephone, facsimile machine, computer.		
Assessment of task		
Name of participant:	Melissa Robertson	
Name of observer:	Simon Marshall	
Role of observer (Confirm suitability to sign)	Director	
Email address of observer	Smarshall.exig@outlook.com	
Signature of observer:		
Date:	5/03/2021	
When completing the task, did the participant:	Tick if satisfactorily completed. Provide comments if left unticked.	
	1 st Occasion	2 nd Occasion
1.A. Explain to the client: - Essential terms and elements of a valid contract - Types and purposes of agreements employed with the industry (including sales contracts and pre-contract agreements) - The range of documents that collectively make up a contract (including construction schedules, reports, specifications) - The importance of the contract to sales process - Implications of legislation, regulations and codes of practice (including Australian Consumer Law)	☒	☒

1.B. Discuss and agree upon clauses of a pre-contract agreement, including payment or deposit.	☒	☒
1.C. Ensure the pre-contract agreement is signed and processed according to organisational requirements.	☒	☒
1.D. Select appropriate contract and seek expert advice in the preparation of the contract, considering: - Contract rise and fall amounts - Schedule of progress payments - Processes for applying of extensions of time	☒	☒
1.E. Break down contract clauses/terms/conditions with the client, including: - Rights, liabilities and potential penalties of parties under the contract - Definitions of building work, common contract terms and procedures, considering – - Practical completion and issuing a final certificate - Defects liability and completion at the cost of the contractor - Effect of ousting the contractor from the building or site - Cooling off periods - Provisional sum and prime cost allowances - Measures to be taken in the event of an anomaly in the rendering of the contract, considering – - Variations - Circumstances that bring about a breach and termination of contract, considering – - Unreasonable/vexatious notice - Abandonment of a contract - Methods for resolving contractual disputes	☒	☒
1.F. Effectively communicated with clients, subcontractors, colleagues and external parties using the following methods: - Verbally using language/concepts appropriate to cultural differences - Non-verbal communication - Using technology (including telephone, facsimile, email) - In writing (including drafting responses to queries about contracts)	☒	☒
The participant's performance was: ☒ Satisfactory ☐ Not Satisfactory		

OBSERVER COMMENTS

In both examples Melissa was able to compile and communicate contract requirements/clauses/terms and conditions clearly to the clients. She was able to finalise preliminary documentation, advise clients on deposit requirements and progress contracts through each stage.

In Example 1 Melissa was able to identify and negotiate variations in relation to siting of the home in order to obtain building approvals through Moreton Bay Council.

In Example 2 Melissa was also able to identify and convey information to the client in relation to access requirements relating to street trees and site power poles required including additional costs which may be incurred by way of variation subject to Energex requirements.

Melissa communicates clearly both verbally and non-verbally to ensure accurate information is conveyed and clarified between the company and the clients.

In both examples Melissa has been able to refer back to specific contract clauses and specifications when required to ensure the contract are wholly understood by both parties.